THIS EVENING, December 27, and ever JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN, BARTLONIANS, -Imrod. Mr. Jennings; Kaiphas, Mr. Chaplin; Khossan, Mr. Hale; Yuseph, Mr. Morti-mer; Zoles, Miss Hetty, Warren; Zaphna, Miss Famby Denham; Ulika, Miss M. Badcliffe. Hirnes wa. -- isaac, Mr. Taylor; Joseph, Miss Susan Denin; Zaro, Miss Lectore.

ROYPTIANS.-Kalock, Mr. Lanagan. Notice-Time Changed.—Boors open at 14 to 7 Perfermance will commence at 15 past 7. NATIONAL THEATER. -JOHN BATES,

THIS EVENING, December 27, will be presented QUINTIN MATSEYS; On, THE BLACKSMITH OF ASTWERP. Suintin Matseys, Mr. Hanley; Frank Merit, Mr. Rand; Baron Von Healst, Mr. Hamblin; Agnes Miss Howard; Blanche, Miss Proctor. .....Orohostra

To conclude with DICK TURPEN. Dick Turpin, Mr. Hamby; Ton King, Mr. Hamb-iln; Squire Whimsey, Mr. Edwards; Mary Wat-son, Miss Virginia Howard.

Boors open at 7 o'clock. The performance com-mences at 7.5 o'clock.

Privet of Abanison.—Private Boxes, \$5: Dress Circle, Sec.; Orchestra Seats, Sec.; Family Circle, Sec.; Family Circle, Lady and Cont. 50c.; Parquette, 25c.; Gallery, Loc.; Colored Boxes, 25c.

SMITH & NIXON'S HALL. BRILLIANT SUCCESS Of the unrivated Band of CAMPBELL MINSTRELS.

And curing the week, will be presented a rich melange of BURTH, MUSIC, BURLESOUE and TRAVASTIE, With a change of programme every night. ..... Children, 15 cents. WELODEON HALL - COR. FOURTH

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 26,

SIX NIGHTS ONLY. COMMENCING THIS DAY (MONDAY), DECEMBER 25,

## HAMBUJER!

The Royal Wizard!

AND HIS LITTLE ITALIAN "SPRIGHTLY," HANELIE:

Six and a half inches shorter than any other Dwarf, ten years of age and thirty-six inches in hight, the finest little follow over winnessed. Also, Madame SALUINANI, the Italian Singer and Pfanist.
HAMBUJER will perform his grand role of

Magic and Mystery! rmed by him at Hope Chapel, Broadway, ace Garden, New York, for thirty consecuand Palice Garden, New York, for the live nights.

Admission 25 cents; children helf-price.

Doors open at 65 o'clock; performances mence at 75. Tickets at the Hunic and Stores on Fourth-st., and at the Hall.

MERRY CHRISTMAS!-GIFT DIS-TEIBUTION at the GREAT WESTERN MU-SEUM, corner of Third and Sycamore ats. Many Antiquities have been added to this estab-lishment, among which is the Japanese Dragon. The favorite Ballad-singer, Mr. C. W. MORGAN, will appear; also the CROISANT SISTERS,

MADAME OCEANA.

The Big-little Woman, who has become a public favorite, will continue her Levees, and intends to award a handsome Silver Cup, valued at \$15, to the one of her visitors who addresses the briefest and prestiest compliment to her, to be decided and presented by herself on NEW-YEAR EVE.

Competition open to all. AT CONCERT HALL-PIKE'S OPERAHOUSE, Levees of "The Little Fairy, Miss
DOLLIE DUTTON—The smallest girl in the world
of her age—nine fears old, twenty-nine inches
high, and weighing only fifteen pounds—an infinfiely greater curionity than Gen, Tom Thumb. She
will be assisted by Master Geo, Monk, Miss Wilhelmina Kappes nift Mr. F. Decker. She will give
Levees at Concert Hall, Fike's Opera-house, every
afternoon and evening til January I, inclusive, except December M and M, at 3 and 7% o'clock.
Admission 13 cents, children 10 cents. Doors
open at 2 and 6% o'clock.
det3 f

ALBERT NORTON, Manager.

WILL SHORTLY CLOSE-CHURCH'S GREAT PAINTING,

THE HEART OF THE ANDES!

AT PIKE'S OPERA-HOUSE,

GREAT REDUCTION

In Prices!

A GROVER & BAKER

**SEWING-MACHINE** 

dame Heller For \$40!

The only Company that manufactures the two varirictics of Machines.

Double-lock

-AND-Shuttle-stitch!

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,

Western Dipot and Sales-room, 58 West Fourth-st. dell-x BOOTS AND SHOES

PANIC PRICES:

INDERSTANDING THE NECESSITY of keeping up with the times. I have reduced my prices, so as to place them within the reach of all. No humbur. Oall and see for yourselves, at the store of

J. H. DETERS.

dets - 33 WEST FOURTH-STREET. TORNA, WALLINGFORD,

No. 59 West Third-st., Cincinnati. and All kinds | current Money bought and

PRESH PEACHES, STRAWBERRIES,

oto, Just received;

no den Just received;

no den Just received;

no den Just cans fresh Strawberries;

on don. 23-th. cans fresh Strawberries;

on don. 23-th. cans fresh Pinespies;

loo don. quart-jars assorted Frines;

loo don. quart-jars assorted Frines;

loo don. 24-th. cans Turile Son;

lo cases Preserved China Ginger.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by

dello National Theater Building, Sycamora-st.

WP YOU ARE IN WANT OF A HOUSE attraction in the PRESS. It does not cost much and you will speedily get such a one as you desire.

## Cincinnati Daily

CINCINNATI, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 27, 1860.

Press.

to his palace.

VOL. IV. NO. 126

PRICE ONE CEN' T

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

RAILROAD TIME-TABLE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS. Little Miseut - Depart, Arrive,
Day Express. 9:30 A. M. 7:30 P. M.
Columbus Accommodation. 4:90 P. M. 11:02 A. M.
Xenia Accommodation. 6:00 P. M. 8:00 A. M. Acetia Accommodation ... 6:00 F. M. 5:00 A. M. Onciment. Buniflon ... nd Dayton—
Indianapolis, Sandusky and 7:45 A. M. 11:15 A. M. Hamilton Accommodation. 8:00 A. M. 7:55 A. M. Indianapolis and Sandusky S.50 P. M. 6:50 P. M. Fabedo and Ubicago Express 5:30 P. M. 11:22 P. M. New York Express ... 9:45 P. M. 8:29 A. M. Hamilton Accommodation. 12:55 A. M. M. Marieta and Onciment. iamilton Accommodation.

Marietta and CincianatiMorning Express.

Children of A. M. 7:00 P.

Children of A. M. 10:30 A.

Night Express.

Motion of MississippiMorning Express.

7:20 A. M. 10:00 I.

Louisville Accommodation. 4:50 P. M. 12:25

Cold Express.

1:50 P. M. 8:90 

Dayton and Michigam— Toledo, Detroit and Chicago 7:45 A. M. 11:25 P. M. Toledo, Detroit and Chicago 7:45 A. M. 11:25 P. M. Express — 5:15 P. M. 11:15 P. M. 

Accommodation 5:00 F. M. 6:07 F. M. Accommodation 2:10 P. M. 11:00 A. M. Accommodation 2:10 P. M. 11:00 A. M. The trains on the Little Minmi and Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Boads are run by Columbus time, which is seven minutes faster than Cincinnati. time.

The trains on the Ohio and Mississippi and Indianapolis and Cincinnati Roads are run by Viscennes time, which is ten minutes slower than Cincinnati time.

VARIETIES.

A designing character-an architect. A family of wild-cats was killed at West Granby, Conn., last week.

Four crops of apples were gathered from a tree at Hellis, Me., during the past season. John B. Gough says he is not rich. He gives one-tenth of his earnings to charity. The shoe-trade of Danvers, Mass., is duller than it has been since 1837.

Teams have been crossing the river at Ottumwa, Iowa, on the ice, for several days

A drunken old woman, seventy years of age, was found frozen to death in her house at Bangor, Me., the other day. The schooner Sarah Ellen sank on Lake Champlain the other morning, and Captain

Heyware and his wife were drowned. A telegraph operator in Louisville, Ky., received 123 words on Saturday in two and a half minutes—a feat never before equaled. Strange paupers had better not go to Richmond, Va., as the Mayor is now empowered to send them to work in the chain-gang.

A panther was killed near Kingston, Cal., recently, which measured eleven feet four inches in length. The students have all left Madison (Tenn.)

College, and the property has been levied on for debt. Slavery in Russia ends on New-year's day. The serfs, 40,000,000 in number, will then be

There are but four postoffices in Minnesots, the incumbents of which are appointed directly by the President.

When a man wants money or assistance, the world, as a rule, is very obliging, and in-dolent, and lets him want it. Lord Palmerston, now aged seventy-six,

is the real, though secret dictator of England. Mrs. Burch, has sued out a writ of habeas

A little boy, in Vermont, who swallowed

a cent last summer, is dying slowly by cop-per poison. His legs have become useless.

A young woman, named Ordway, was killed, at Procter. Vt., last week, by being thrown from a sleigh against a fence with such force as to break her neck. A New Orleans paper corrects a typo-graphical error, having called impatient South Carolina impotent. The types were

right. The famous Burdell house, in Bond-street

New York, was put up at auction a day or two since; but the title to it being regarded as doubtful, the sale was postponed.

Timber-cutting is reported to be a money-making trade in Virginia; the lumber goes north as far as Maine, where large quantities of Virginia oak are used for ship-building.

Punch asks: "Why can the Emperor of the French never be Pope?" Because, by the simple fact, it is impossible three crowns can ever make one Napoleon."

A. W. Brewer, Postmaster at Middleburg, Ind., and Wm. Kinkaid, who held a similar

position at Fistula, Ind., have been arrested, charged with robbing the mails. The Committee of Arrangements for the next American Chess Congress announce the postponement of the meeting until Octo-

In Philadelphia there are swindlers who watch the obituary columns of the newspa-pers, and gain a livelihood by presenting fraudulent claims to survivers.

Geo. A. Cleveland was dangerously shot a few days ago in Mobile, Ala., by J. W. Davis, who immediately afterward surrendered

The dead body of Henry F. Squires, of West Springfield, Mass., who had been missing for several days, was found in the Con-necticut River-a day or two ago.

A little boy was frozen to death at Havre de Grace, Md., the other day. His poor mother had left him in bed while she went out to work.

John Bishop, a German, working in the Rockland (N. Y.) Brewery on Monday fell into a vat of boiling water, and was burned to death. Within one week, four persons died in Danville, Conn., whose united ages were 321 years; one was 79, two were 80 and one

The German papers are claiming that Senator Seward is a descendant of a Ger-man family which was driven out of Ger-

many in some internal commotions. The result of silk-worm culture in Algeria is said to prove that, in a few years, the French laborer can be clothed in silks as cheaply as in cotton.

An eagle measuring seven feet from tip to tip, was shot at Jonesboro', Ill., by a farmer sixty-five years old, while carrying away

A stranger called on a Troy (N, Y.) mer-chant one day last week, requesting him to refer to his book, to a certain name, and make out a bill, adding twenty-four years' interest, which he at once paid.

A Philadelphis reporter, I. U. A. Town-send, has received the prize of the State Ag-ricultural Society—a service of silver plate— for the best descriptive report of the pro-

The new Gas Company at Montreal, Can-nda, has recovered a fine from a party in that city for using gas illicitly, and distributed the amount to the Montreal Protestant Or-

New Orleans Journ's Opposed to Co-opera-

The New Orleans Crescent, of late date, observes: To co-operate now, would look as if the To co-operate now, would look as if the States separately were afraid to resume their sovereignty, but had to huddle together and back each other up, as if danger was apprehended, and it were safest to divide the responsibility. Such is not the temper or the feeling of the people, and we are anxious that the idea of co-operation shall not be so interpreted. The powers which the States granted to the Federal Government, under the Constitution, were granted by the State

the Constitution, were granted by the State Governments on their own independent mo-tion—and it is, therefore, in accordance with the fitness of things that these powers he re-sumed in the same way that they were sumed in the same way that they were yielded—that is, by separate State-action, each State acting for herself.

The argument holds equally good with respect to States subsequently admitted as in regard to the old thirteen. Each new State has been admitted "upon an equal footing" with the rest. They are all upon terms of absolute equality. Each new State is thus entitled to all the rights, privileges and immunities of those which originally ratified the Constitution.

tion of the Slave States.

The proper time for the co-operation is after the act of separate withdrawal. Then there will be co-operation between all the seceding States, beyond all question. Of this there can be no doubt. So that those who wish for co-operation and a united South have not only to wait until the States are independent, when there will be a full and free communion among them, and we have little doubt of a Southern Confederacy for mutual defense and protection. That this is the feeling among the different States we need no further proof than the act of sending commissioners to the others, which several of the Southern States are now do-

The cause of us all is a common causeour interests are the same—our institutions the same, our people homogeneous, and we have before us a common career of prosperity, independence and happiness. We will naturally be drawn together into a common bond of union, including even the "border States," as they are called, which may be a little slower than the rest, but are bound executable to east their loss with their eventually to cast their lots with their Southern sisters. We entreat our friends, then, not to embarrass the cause of Southern independence by talking about co-operation now. It will be time enough for this after a while, when it will not only be appropriate but will meet with favor from all parties.

The New Orleans Bulletin remarks: But what of co-operation? What does its vocates expect to accomplish by its agency e shall wait to be edified. In theory it i highly commendable and acceptable. With the slaveholding States we have a common interest and common destiny. We owe them fealty and respect, and would act in them fealty and respect, and would act in concert with them were it practicable. But is it so? Is there any prospect of all the slaveholding States co-operating on or before the 4th of March, or any other specific time? Satisfy us of this fact, and there are thou-sands in New Orleans who are for secession as a necessity, who would enrol themselves in the ranks of the United Southern Action

But how can co-operation be entire and perfect, as to be effective it should be, when pefore it can be attempted, five of the cotton States will have already seceded? There can, in that event, be no co-operation between States in the Union and States out of the Union. Their position and relations will be entirely distinct, opposite and anagonistic. The idea involves an impossi

Again, we are behind time in the attempt to make co-operation available. Before our convention meets, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida and Mississippi will have taken some definite action. We will then be in the line of safe precedent. There will be no alternative left for us but to follow in their wake.

onfidently believe in the virtue and efficacy on this mode of proceeding. Their opicions are entitled to respect. Whatever difference there may be between us involves rather a question of expediency than of principle. We like, at all times and upon all questions of public policy, to have free discussions. Upon a question of such immense importance we would invite and encourage discussion. sion. Let all sides and all parties speak out. When truth is left free to combat error, the great principle is sure to eventually prevail. We shall attend the meetings in a tocile and tractable temper, and obtain all

DEFENSE OF THE NAME OF SMITH.—Fun is occasionally made about the not very uncommon name of Smith. But anciently, it was both an uncommon and a worshipful name. In the twelfth century, and even later, the Smith was the chief artisan of a community, and its most stalwart man.
And, as among the ancient Greeks, the
Smiths was a craft of mystery, if not of
magic. He forged the armor that guarded
the person of the warrior, and wielded the sword of such temper, that it seemed en-chantment, cut through iron and brass, and yet could sever a hair upon water. In the ancient laws of England, the Smith's person was protected by a double penalty, and in Wates he was one of the great officers who sat in the hall with the King and Queen.

INVENTION OF A SELF-PUMPING APPARATUS. Robert Formby, of Liverpool, has invented a contrivance, which many owners of worn-out tubs will thank him for—an application of the principle of the acrew by which a leaky vessel pumps herrelf, and saves the labor of the crew. It has been tried in the Mersey, satisfactorily, and proves that a vessel making three knots, discharges by its been making three knots, discharges by its means a column of water quite equal to the body of men that could be working at the ordinary pumps; and that with a way of six, the nozzles are entirely filled. The contrivance is attached to the stern of the vessel, quite out of the way of the crew in working the ship, and it is easily put out of gear when necessary.

FEMININE IDEA OF "ROMEO" - Clever Critirism by a Women.—Women are sharp observers, and their criticisms are quite happly expressed—same times. A hundred years ago, Garrick and Barry were competing with each other for the favor of London audiences. Both performed "Romeo," and a lady being asked her opinion of their acting, replied that "in the garden scene Garrick looked greatly animated, and was so spirited in his gestures that, if she were 'Juliet,' she should think he was going to jump up to her, but that Barry was so tender, melting and persuasive that, if she were 'Juliet,' she would jump down to him."

A SELF-TORTURING DEFOTER TO HEALTH.—

A man down in Maine determined to live to a good old sige, uses no alcoholic or fermented drinks, no tobacco, no tea, coffee, spices, pepper or vinegar, and eats but listle meat or butter, no flour-bread, and no awayes or other "fixings" to coax the appetite. He rises at four winter and summer, and bathes always in the coldest water he can obtain. For twenty-six years he has had no ache or pain, and being fifty years of age, considers himself good for fifty more, and never expects to die until the machine wears out.

EDUCATION IN VERMONT.—The school report of Vermont shows 80,687 children, of whom only 70,250 attend school at all; there are 2,754 schools, which cost last year \$265,738, or an average of \$3 35 for each pupil; number of teachers 4,885.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

THE CHARLESTON CONVENTION. Commissioners to be Appointed to all the Slaveholding States-Florida Pledged to Secession-Opposition to Military Prepara-

Charleston, S. C., December 25.—The convention met at noon, Mr. Jamison in the chair. Prayer was offered.

The Committee on Relations with the Slaveholding States of North America reported the following resolutions:

"Resolved: That this convention appoint commissioners to proceed to each slaveholding State that may assemble in convention

commissioners to proceed to each slaveholding State that may assemble in convention
for the purpose of laying before them the
ordinance of secession, and respectfully invite their co-operation in forming a Southern Confederacy.

12. That our commissioners be authorized
to adopt the Federal Constitution as the basis
for a provisional government for such States
as shall have withdrawn from connection
with the Government of the United States

with the Government of the United States of North America.

"3. That said commissioners be authorized o. That said cognisioners be authorized to invite said seceding States to meet in convention at such a time and place as may be agreed upon, for the purpose of forming a permanent government by the States." The President read the following com-

munication: "CHARLESTON, December 24. "To the President and Delegates of the Convention of the Independent State of South Carolina—Gentlemen: I have just been informed that you did me the honor, by reso-lution, to invite me to a scat on the floor of the convention. I am wanting in language, gentlemen, to express my feelings which this very unexpected courtesy at your hands this very unexpected courtesy at your hands have given rise to. In the course of my life, now nearly half a century—a life not entirely devoid of incidents calculated to inspire a laudable, manly pride—I have never been honored with a seat with those smarting under the wrongs inflicted by the leaders of a perverted Government, and who have, with a unanimity unparalleled, broken the link with a faithless Confederacy. You are engaged in a high and laudable aim; aye, the high and holy ourpose of devising a Government. high and holy purpose of devising a Govern-ment which shall offer the greatest liberty consistent with the rights, liberties and hap-

piness of the good.

"In every particular your ordinance is in good taste, to the point, and covers the whole ground. Permit me to assure you, gents, that the gallant liftle State of Florida will follow your lead. On motion of her Couvention, Florida will, as certain as any thing in the future can, wheel into line with the gallant old Palmetto. We are identified with the same interests, and there is a deep determination not to submit to Black Re-publican rule. Your common destiny must become that of others. I regres exceedingly
that urgent official duty, which I can not
postpone, will deprive me of the pleasure
of accepting your kind courtesy.
"With the tender of my sincere thanks

for the honor conferred upon me, I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant, "M. S. PERRY." Mr. Perry offered a resolution for a recess, to-morrow to the 16th proximo Mr. Magrath's resolution, instructing the

Governor to make forthwith all preparations which may be needed to assert, by force, the right and jurisdiction of South Carolina in its territory. Lost.
Mr. Finley offered a resolution, that copies of the ordinance of secession, adopted by the Convention, with the declaration of the immediate causes which have induced and justified the secession of South Carolina from the Federal Union, and the addresses of the people of South Carolina, in Convention as-sembled, to the slaveholding States of the United States, be transmitted by the Governor of the State to the Governors of the slaveholding States, for the information of their respective Legislatures, or Conven-tions, where Conventions by the people have been called, in any of the slaveholding

Mr. Wardlay, thought it had better go along with the report of the Committee to

mr. watchet to be a long of the Committee to whom was referred the communication of the Legislature of Georgia.

Several motions were made to amend.

Mr. Dargan said, according to theory, South Carolina had been one of the Repablics of the United States, and the Constitution was a compact between independent covereign States. South Carolina has thought proper to exercise her sovereign right to withdraw from this Federal league compact. There is propriety that this State should notify her late confederates, whether non-slaveholding or slaveholding, that she has withdrawn from the Union, and to certify in proper form the cause of her withdrawing from the compact. The Governors of all States should receive an ordinance and the cause justifying the secession.

Cause justifying the secession.

On calling the question on inserting the words non-slaveholding before slaveholding.

Mr. Dargan said that copies of the ordinance and of the causes justifying the secession of South Carolina should be sent to the Governors of all the States, and copies of the address to the people of South Carolina should be sent to the Governors of all the States, and copies of the address to the people of South Carolina should be sent to the Governors of all the States, and copies of the address to the people of South Carolina should be sent to the States and copies of the address to the people of South Carolina should be sent to the Governors of the secretary sent to the secretary sent to the sent to the secretary sent address to the people of South Carolina should be sent to the Governors of slaveshould be sent to the Governors of slave-holding States only. He asked why not in-sert England, France and all soversign powers, and said we were lately in league with non-slaveholding States, and there is nothing inconsistent with the dignity of South Carolina in so doing, more or less than the duty of courtesy. She owes to her late Confederation to announce her with-drawal from the league, and to inform them of the causes which compelled us to do so.

of the causes which compelled us to do so.

Mr. Middleton proposed that the Convention conform to the practice of the time, and not communicate with the non-slaveholding or slaveholding States on the subject. Take the resolution as originally offered.

Major Grigg said, it was entirely proper that notice should be given to our late con-federates, or our withdrawal from the Con-CHARLESTON, December 26,-The Convention reassembled at eleven o'clock this morn-

A prayer was offered up, asking the pro-tection of God over a Southern Confederacy. Mr. Spain offered a resolution that the Governor be requested to communicate to the Convention, in secret session, any inthe Convention, in secret session, any in-formation he possesses in reference to the condition of Forts Moultrie and Sumpter and Castle Pinkney; the number of guas to each; the number of workmen and kind of labor employed; the number of soldiers in each, and what additions have been made, if any, since the 20th instant; also, whether any assurance has been given that the forts any assurance has been given that the forts will not be reenforced, and if so, to what extent; also, what police or other regulations have been made, if any, in reference to the defenses of the harbor of Charleston, the coast, and the State.

Laid on the table for consideration in se-

eret session.

Mr. Brown offered a resolution that all citizens of the United States domiciled within this State on the adoption of the ordinance of secession on December 20, 1860, be, and the same are hereby declared citizens of South Carolins, and entitled to all the privileges and subject to all the liabilities that leges and subject to all the liabilities dent thereto.

Mr. Brown said there were a number of Mr. Brown said there were a number of meritorious citizens who are citizens by adoption, and that there was a well-founded apprehension in their minds as to the extant of their allegiance. There were two methods by which individuals could become citizens of South Carolina—by birth and adoption. Birth gives unqualified citizenship in the United States; by naturalization persons were made citizens, and by virtue of being such were

made citizens of South Carolins. In 1832, Two Days Later from Europe. the Constitution of South Carolina was smended, and foreigners were required to take an additional oath of State, one of Irue HALIFAX, December 26.—The Cunard steamship Canada, from Liverpool, Saturday, December 15, via Queenstown 16th, has ar-rived at this port. She has £190,000 in specie allegiance to South Carolina, or so long as they remain citizens thereof; and some times by another method—that of a test oath.

Mr. Brown did not contemplate making citizens of those who were accidentally domiciled in the State at the adoption of the Mr. Kingard moved that when the Con

vention adjourn to morrow it be until the 18th proximo, or until the President should

18th proximo, or until the President should order it to reassemble. Laid on the table. Mr. Rhett offered an ordinance providing for the holding of a Convention of the slaveholding States for the purpose of forming a Southern Confederacy, and moved to lay it on the table without reading it.

Mr. Memminger doubted if there was authority for receiving a paper in a public convention without one reading of it at least.

Mr. Rhett then read the ordinance. It provides that the seceding States unite in convention in Montgomery, Ala., each State being represented by as many delegates as they now have in the Congress of the United States, the Constitution to be ratified or re-States, the Constitution to be ratified or re-States, the Constitution to be ratified or rejected by the Legislatures or Conventions of the respective States. It also states that, in the opinion of South Carolina, the Congress of the United States will form a suitable basis for the Confederacy of the Seceding

## Two Days Later from Europe. ARRIVAL OF THE ANGLO-SAXON

PORTLAND, ME., December 26,-The Ca nadian screw-steamer Anglo-Soxon, Captain Ballantine, from Liverpool via London-derry, on the 14th inst., arrived at this port at ten o'clock last evening. Her dates are two days later than per late arrivals.

The steamship Teutonia, from New York, arrived at Cowes on the 14th inst.

The Earl of Aberdeen is dead.

The China mail had reached Marseilles, and was due in London on the 15th inst. The bombardment of Gaeta had recom

The Bullion in the Bank of France had The Bullion in the Bank of France had decreased 2,600,000f. during the month.

Londonderry, December 14.—The London Times's city article, of last evening, says the funds this morning opened without alteration, and were steady throughout the day, the market being supplied by a further in-flux of gold into the Bank of England, by the announcement of a large specie arrival by the West Indian mail.

The demand for discount was small, and the general rate in the market was 4% per

cent. About £4,000,000 in fine gold was taken to the bank to-day. A few sover-eigns were withdrawn for America. The exchange quotations from the Conti-ment show firmness.

The prospectus of the new Turkish loan

attracts great attention, but there are no signs that the contemplated subscription will be obtained in this country. The railway market closed quiet but steady. Canadian and American railway stocks have improved. Paris, December 14 .- The monthly returns

of the Bank of France show a decrease in cash of 2,000,000 francs; bills discounted, not due, 24,000,000 francs; advances, 6,250,000 francs; current accounts, 19,750,000 francs increase in the treasury; balance, 3,250,009 The Allied army commenced there operations on the same day that Pekin taken. The summer palace of the Emperor was

taken and completely sacked, affording an immense amount of spoils. The chief share of the plunder seems to have fallen to the English. The quantity of the treasure taken is to be divided between the French and English. Some privates are said to have sold their hare for 30,000 francs.
The entire British share, including both

reasure and private property, is estimated at about \$900,000. The Tartar army is still in the field, though the Emperor has fied.

The Empress of France has arrived home.

Liverpool Cotton Market, December 14.—

The sales for the week have been 58,000 bales, including 7,500 to speculators and

4,600 to exporters.

The market has been quiet, and the quotations barely maintained, with a partial slight decline on all qualities. The sales on Friday reached 10,000 bales, including 7,000

Friday reached 10,000 bales, including 7,000 to speculators and importers.

The market closed steady at the following authorized quotations: Fair Orieans, 7%; middling, 6%; fair Mobile, 7%; middling, 6%. The total stock in port is estimated at 567,000 bales, including 444,000 bales American.

Liverpool breadstuff market quiet at open-Wheat was firm and holders demanded advance on fine. Provision market gen

erally dull. WASHINGTON, December 26 .- The War De partment can take no action in reference to the recent movement at Pittsburg, until offi-cial information shall be received from the

cial information shall be received from the officer in charge of the neighboring arsenal. The order for the removal of the guns was recently issued, and directed them to be at Ship Island and Galveston by the time the defensive forts at those points, though unfinished, may be ready to receive them. Appropriations for the purchase of the cannon were long since made, and the order for their removal was in accordance with the law and regulations without reference to

olitical occurrences. Captain Ingraham, of South Carolina, in command of the sloop-of-war Richmond, at-tached to the Mediterranean squadron, has asked and obtained leave to return home.

New Orleans, December 26.—The Tennessee, from Vera Cruz on the 22d instant, has arrived, bringing \$11,000 in specie.
General Golcouria and Minister McLane

wore passengers,
Miramon had surprised the Liberals at
Toluca, and captured 1,200 men and twelve annons. Generals Degollado, Bernozabal, Trevis, and others, are prisoners.

River News.
Pittsaung, December 26-M.-River seven feet two inches by the pier-mark, and fall-ing. Weather cloudy and cool.

LOUISVILLE, December 26.—The river is rising slowly, with nine feet water in the Canal. Weather cloudy.

PITTEBURG, December 26.—The river is falling, with seven feet water by the piermark. The weather is cloudy with the approximate of show.

Pronia, I.L., December 26.—A passenger train on the Peoria and Oquawka Railroad ran off the track four miles from here, this morning. E. S. Miller, of Loda, N. Y., was fatally injured. None others hurt seriously. Privilege December 26.—The cannons have not yet been removed from Allegheny Arsenal; but the public mind is still agitated. Hopes are entertained by many that the order will be resounded by the Sacretary of War.

Secession Meeting at New Orleans. New Onkans, December 26.—The co-operation meeting, to ratify the nomination of delegates, was well attended. Speeches de by Hon. Pierre Soule and others.

TERMS, CASEL

Advertisements, not exceeding five lines (agate) ! Larger advertisements inserted at the following rates per square of ten times: 

## Sewing - Machines!

The Canada reports that she passed on the eve of the 16th the steamship Africa, from New York for Liverpool, and at ten P. M., 14th, passed the Arabia, from Boston for Liverpool.

The general news possesses some interesting official China directors which are form THE WHE FIRE & WILSON SEW-all their suits at law with infringing manufac-turers, propose that the public shall be bruefited thereby, and have accordingly shall be bruefited thereby, and have accordingles. Having made, for o'ver seven years, the most pop-ular Family Sewing-spatching in the country, and ing official China dispatches, which confirm the previous accounts of the capture of

A dispatch from Pekin, via St. Petersburg, states that peace had been concluded with the Chinese, and the Emperor had returned WARRANTED THERE YEARS. to his palace.

An attempt had been made to assassinate Col. Dunn, of the Sicilian Army, which gave rise to a rumor of Garibaldi's assassination.

Liverpool Cotton Market—Sales on Saturday reached 15,000 bales, including 7,000 for shipment and exporters. Market closed firm, Wheat firm, with an improved tendency. Provisions dull.

Lendon, Saturday Evening—Consols closed 923460235 per account ex-diy.

U. S. FAIRS OF 1836, 1859 AND 1860, And at the Cincinnati Mechanics' Institute for FOUR SUCCESSIVE YEARS we have taken the First Premium over all competitors as the best BEST FAMILY SEWING-MACHINE

WM. SUMNER & CO., Agents,

abolished.

A dispatch from Pekin, November 9, states that peace was concluded with China on the 25th of October, and that the ratifications thereof were exchanged on the 5th of November. The French and English forces had evacuated Pekin, and the Emperor was received to return immediately. CINCINNATI.

expected to return immediately.

The ship Georgiano was burned at sea No. HAPPY NEW-YEAR! vember 20-crew saved.

vember 20—crew saved.

Licerpool Breadstuffs.—The market is generally steady. Wakefield, Nash & Oo. report Flour has an upward tendency, with an improved demand at 28s. @28s. 6d. Wheat is quiet and steady: red Western 11s. @12s. 9d.; white 12s.@13s. 9d. Corn is quiet: mixed and value 26s. @4. white 39s. 624s. 64 and yellow 36s, 9d.; white 39s, 639s, 6d.

Richardson, Spence & Co. report Flour has a declining tendency, and prices have receded 6d. per barrel since Tuesday's market, and that other Breadstuffs are steady.

92%@92% per account ex-div.

American Stocks—The latest sales were

Illinois Central, 2634 discount; Erie, 3574; New York Central, 78@80. Paris, Saturday Evening—The Bourse closed dull; Rentes 687, 80c.

It is again reported that the passport sys-m between England and France is to be

Provisions generally dull.
Bigland, Athya & Co. and others report
Beef dull; Pork dull; Bacon quiet; fine
qualities wanted; Lard quiet.

London Markets.—Wheat quiet, but advanced 1s. per quarter for foreign. Flour
286

Weekly returns of the Bank of England weekly returns of the Bank of England show a decrease in Bullion of £218,500. Baring & Bros. quote bar Silver 6s. 1½d.; Mexican Dollars 5s. 2½d. and nominal; American Eagles 76s. 5d.; United States Fives of 1865 at 93@93½; Pennsylvania Fives of 1877 84; Erie 34½; Illinois Central 27½ discount.

From New York. New York, December 26.—In the United States District Court, on motion of the Assistant United States Attorney, the Court granted an injunction restraining the Bank of the Republic and its President from dis posing of any bonds in its possession, until further orders from the Court. The bill charges that the above bonds were stolen from an iron safe in the Department of the Interior, and that some of the stoicn bond were deposited, or hypothecated, by Russell Majors & Waddell with the Bank of the Re public. Judge Smalley also granted an order, returnable next Monday, for the Bank of the Republic to show cause why the in-

nently.

The store No. 77 Fulton-street was destroyed by fire last night. The occupants were Jno. Whitefield, plumber, Hafferty & McCue, cork-cutters, and H. W. King,

leather belting. Loss, \$20,000. Bostos, December 26.—Three hundred men were yesterday sent from the Charlestown Navy-yard, by special train, to join the sloop-ot-war Macedonian, at Portsmouth.

From Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, December 26.—The State Savings Fund has gone into liquidation, having made an assignment. REUNION TO FOLLOW SECESSION IN THE

South .- The New Orleans Bee says in Satur-

day's issue: It is our knowledge that a large proport It is our knowledge that a large proportion of the citizens of New Orleans, who, though heretofore proud of their nationality, are now ardent advocates of secession, are greatly influenced in the decision they have reached by this very idea of forming, at some future period, another and a better Unios, upon a basis of complete equality, and with inviolable constitutional guarantees. The reconstruction of the Government becreafter is by no means a chimerical nehereafter is by no means a chimerical no-tion—especially if the Federal powers throw no insuperable obstacle in the way, by an insane effort at coercion. If the Southern States are left to the peaceable exercise of their sovereignty, there will be insurmount-able objection to another Union Such a consummation will materially depend upon the changes which events may bring about in the feelings and convictions of the people in the feelings and convictions of the people of the non-slaveholding States. If they resolve, once and forever, to put down abolition, and to respect the South, it may be that the Providence which is now separating us will bring us together once more in

more durable compact, and under happie auspices. SENHATIONAL ELOPEMENT IN ENGLAND— A Baronet's Sister Runs of With Her Tutor, The beautiful and accomplished sister of an honorable Baronet, who has but recently suchonorable Baronet, who has but recently succeeded to the title which his ancestors have so long and so honorably held, the other day eloped from Dresden with the German tutor who had been engaged by the family. The young lady has a large fortune, and is most prepossessing in appearance. It is stated she was betrothed, at the time of her flight, to a gentleman of position in the County of Cumberland.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN MISSISSIPPL - The Vicksburg Whig, of the 19th inst., says: A fire broke out in Jackson, yesterday afternoon, as the cars were leaving, which destroyed a plow factory and two or three other buildings, near the Southern railroad

DEATH OF AN EASTHRY ERPORTER.-Lowis

DEATH OF AN EASTHEN ENPORTER.—LOWIS S. Briest, for many years connected with the Philadelphia press as a local reporter, died in that city on Saturday. His disease was consumption. During the Mexican War, Mr. Briest enlisted in one of the Pennsylvania regiments, and he corresponded with the press during his stay in Mexico. As Unportunate Paistes, — William Phillips, who formerly worked side by side, in a printing office, with Chief-Justice Lewis and Governor Packer, of Pennsylvania, went to a police station, in Philadelphia, the other night, to beg a lodging.

A Monat Eutron.—An exchange advertises for compositors "who won't get drunk;" and adds, that "the editor does all the getting

RATES OF ADVERTISING

THE DAILY

JOB PRINTING

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S P.RICES REDUCED!

ular Family Sewing, a variety years, the most popular Family Sewing, anchines, the most popular Family Sewing, anchine in the country, and now emplying \$1.000,000 in their bridness, and making ONE HUXDR 5D MACHINES per day, they are prepared with such extraordinary facilities and experience to guarantee to the purchaser quality well, and are The ship Georgiana, from New Orleans for Liverpool, was burned at sea November 20; erew saved.

The difference in price being merely a difference to finish.

21,365 Machines old in 1855, being double the sales of any other company in the Union.

Awarded the First Premium in the

It uses no abuttle, makes the lock stitch alike on both sides of the goods, leaving no chain or ridge on the under side of the seam; and uses but half as much thread as the chain-stifeld machines. Send or call for a Circular, containing prices testimonials, etc.

77 West Fourth-st., PIKE'S OPERA-HOUSE.

MERRY CHRISTMAS

Read and be Wise!

ENTIEMEN WHO DESIRE TO make a beautiful and useful present to some lady ritend, can not better effect their purpose than by purchasing one of MOORWS IN HIGOTED SERV. ING. MACHINES, which are undeabtedly the best, most simple, and practical Family Swing machines in market. Price only \$40, locking wing machines in market. Price only \$40, locking and stinching locking the service of the only patented between the only patented between the only patented between the only active the service of the service of the service of the control of the service of the control of the service of the servi

H. C. BURTMAN, General Agent, 92 West Fourth-st., Cincinnati, O \$40. Great Reduction in Prices! NOEXCUSE NOW FOR BUYING CHAIN or Loop-stitch Sewing-machines, on account of the former high prices of Lock-stitch Family Machines. Only \$40 for one of Lester's newly-improved Family SHUTTLE-MACHINES. A useful and beautiful

HOLIDAY PRESENT. For a lady, would be one of Geo. B. Sloat's new and elegant ELM FITO SEWING-MACHINES, the best in the world for family use. Twenty-five Pirst Premiums Have been awarded these unrivaled Machines during the past three years, over all others. We warrant them to outlast any other Machine extant; and for beauty of model and finish, they have ne epual. Parties wishing to purchase, have only to call and see them, to be convinced that what we say is truth.

UNION MANUFACTURING CO., SINGER'S SEWING-MACHINES COMMERCIAL BUILDING,

Corner of Fourth and Race-sta-

CINCINNATI, OHIO. How is it Singer's Sewing-machines are univers ally used for manufacturing purposes? The plain reason why, is: Because they are better, more durable, more reliable, capable of doing a much greater

variety of work, and carning more money than any other Machine.

The public are respectfully invited to call and exfamily use PRICE \$50.

This Machine is highly crommented, easy to operate, and is the very best and cheapest Machine in JAMES SKARDON,

the market. JAMES SKARDON,
Western Agent for Singer's Sowing-machine.

[nois] DON'T BELIEVE IT: WHEN YOU HEAR INTERESTED parties say that the WILCOX & GIBBS SEWING-MAUHINES make work that will not stand the test of wear, don't you believe thom, but examine for yourselves, and sak those who, from experience, are able and willing to tell the truth about them and the work thoy do. The Machines are warranted for three years, and the work made on them is warranted to there years, and the work made on them is warranted to the year, and the sort made on any other machine. Price of Machine, \$35. We will teach every body to operate the Machines, from of charge if they will call at the General Agency Office, in the second story of Carlisis Boilding, corner of Fourth and Walnut, sts. Clincinnati, de2-cm

MUSICAL. An Elegant Volume of Vocal Duets. Collection of Choice and Beautiful Vocal
Dust, by the best composers, with accompanients and selection for the Plane Porte. Handsomaly bound in cloth, and sold at the low price of S2, on receipt of which it will be sent by mail, post-paid. Published by degree of the Collection of t

GOLD-MEDAL PIANOS THE REST Grupe's, of New York; Hansen's, of New York, and Britting & Bro.'s, of New York, and Britting & Bro.'s, of Cincinnati—celobrated first-class Bouble Grand Action, Square Grand of Unctinati-coloristic institutions of the New Health and Concert Pianos, pronounced by Lists, Thalberg and other great living artists the best in existence. Every Piano warranted for ten years and kept in tune for three years. Gid Pianos taken in exchange. Pianos tolet, from 56 to 315 per quarter. First-class Musical Instruments of all state selling at half-price. Pianos, Melodeons and other musical instruments tuned and renaired thoroughly. Best Melodeons in the city. Do not buy or rent a Piano at Melodeon until ren have called and examined the above.

BRITTING & BRD.

Fiano and Melodeon Makers and Dealers, and Importers of Musical instruments, \$237 West Fifther theorem while the state of the control of Musical Instruments, \$237 West Fifther the control of t

MISCELLANEOUS.

Holiday Gifts. CARD-CASES;
Porte-monulace;
Ladice Satchels;
Jewelry Caskets;
Bohamisu Boxes; SHELL COMBS; Barket Extracts; Hand-Mirrors; Buffalo Hair Brushos; Poarl Inhald Hair do. Infant Hair do.

Puff Boxes; Puff Boxes; Purfumery Stands; Card-Baskets; For sale by del6 S. W. cor. Contral av. and Sighth-sa. Wines and Liquors.

W E HAVE SPARED NO EXPENSE IN d expressly for medicinal purposes.

ALBERT ROSS, Pruggist,
S. W. cor. Central-av. and Eighth-Beeswax Wanted.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRIOR
paid for Boroway, at all thest, by
paid ORO. R. DECOS, Draggies,
pol S. S. corner First and Rain-sta.

Sage, Sage

500 LRS. FRESH PRESSED, IRe les the fresh powdered, in case, for sale by and and the fresh powdered in case, for sale by and the fresh powdered in case, for sale by an and S. E. corner Fifth and Rain, sale.

Dixon's Sugar-coated Pills